

## Appendix 1: Connections between Devolved Matters, Common Framework progress, and Free Trade Agreement Obligations

Annex A: NAW, Aug 2019, Frameworks re Wales		Cabinet Office, April 2019, Revised Frameworks Analysis	Cabinet Office, May 2020, The EU (Withdrawal) Act and Common Frameworks: 26 Dec 2019- 25 Mar 2020	USMCA	CETA
Policy area with:		Additional Information - what the EU law does	Progress made towards frameworks	Chapter/Side Agreement/Letter	Chapter/Annex
<b>No further action to create a common framework is required</b>					
1	Carbon capture and storage	Directive 2009/31/EC on the geological storage of CO2 establishes a legal framework for the environmentally safe geological storage of CO2 to contribute to combating climate change.		Ch. 24: Environment	Ch. 24: Trade and Environment
2	Environmental law concerning energy industries	EU legislation contains rules and environmental standards relevant to offshore oil and gas exploration and production, offshore gas unloading and storage, and offshore carbon dioxide storage activities.		Side Letter from the US/Letter from Canada (Energy) & Ch. 24: Environment	
3	Onshore hydrocarbons licensing	Directive 94/22/EEC sets the conditions for tendering and determining applications for hydrocarbon licenses and imposes restrictions on the terms which may be included in licences and their extension.			Ch. 12: Domestic Regulation & Ch. 24: Trade and
4	Renewable energy directive	The Renewable Energy Directive (2009/28/EC) places a 15% renewable energy target, and a 10% renewable energy sub target for the transport sector on the UK. The Directive sets out a number of other measures and frameworks to support the production and promotion of energy from renewable sources.		Agreement on Environmental Cooperation	Ch. 24: Trade and Environment
5	Environmental law concerning energy planning consents	Directives set out provisions for Environmental Impact Assessments for generating stations and overhead lines (85/337/EEC, 97/11/EC, 2003/35/EC, 2009/31/EC, 2011/92/EU and 2014/52/EU).		Ch. 24: Environment	Ch. 24: Trade and Environment
6	GEO-Blocking	Regulation prohibits blocking or redirecting users away from versions of websites available to other EU nationals. It therefore prohibits discriminatory terms of access on the basis of location in EU when purchasing distance goods, wholly online services, and services tied to a specific location (some exceptions apply), as well as discrimination based on place of issue of payment method.		Ch. 19: Digital Trade	
7	Voting rights and candidacy rules for EU citizens in local government elections	Article 20(2)(b) TFEU, Article 22 TFEU sets out that all parts of the UK must allow EU citizens the right to vote and stand in local government elections. In England and Wales local elections also include Police and Crime Commissioner elections, mayoral elections and combined authority mayoral elections. This is set out in detail in UK legislation, specifically in Section 4 of the Representation of the People Act 1983.			
8	Flood risk management	These policies and regulations (primarily the EU Floods Directive) aim to reduce the risks to people, properties and infrastructure from flooding and coastal erosion.			
9	Management of waste from extractive industries	The Directive is concerned with the management of waste from extractive (mining) industries. Specific EU Directives 2006/21/EC and the three Seveso-Directives (82/501/EEC, 96/82/EC, 2012/18/EU) relating to the disposal of waste and overlapping safety of operations. Interaction with UNECE workshops in providing best practice guidance and Eurasian standards. Further interactions based on industry specific circumstances e.g. Water Framework Directive 2000/60/EC. Directive 2011/92/EU outlines future operational planning under Environmental Impact Assessments		Agreement on Environmental Cooperation & Ch. 24: Environment	Ch. 24: Trade and Environment
10	Water quality	These policies and regulations (primarily the EU Water Framework Directive and the EU Drinking Water Directive) aim to improve the ecological and chemical status of the UK's rivers, lakes, estuaries, coastal waters and groundwater, and provide safe, quality drinking water.		Ch. 24: Environment	Ch. 24: Trade and Environment
11	Water resources	These policies and regulations cover the provision of sustainable, safe and affordable water supplies for households, businesses, energy production and agriculture.			
12	Forestry (domestic)	These policies and regulations cover timber production and woodland management, including EU Environmental Impact Assessment.		Agreement on Environmental Cooperation & Ch. 24: Environment	Ch. 24: Trade and Environment & Ch. 25: Bilateral Dialogues and
13	Land use	Elements of Environmental Impact Assessment Directive and Strategic Environmental Assessment Directive cover rural land use.		Agreement on Environmental Cooperation & Ch. 25: Small and Medium-Sized Enterprises	Ch. 22: Trade and Sustainable Development
14	Noise directives	The Directive is concerned with noise mapping and action planning and does not address trade or cross-border issues.			
15	Aviation - compensating PSO air routes	Relating to regulation (EC) 1008/2008 on the Operation of Air Services (Articles 16-18).			
16	Bus franchising rules	Regulation (EC) 1370/2007 as amended by 2016/2338 relating to the way in which competent authorities are able to award public passenger services contracts.			
17	Electronic road toll systems	Directive 2004/52/EC on interoperability of electronic road toll systems and EU Regulation 219/2009.			
18	Elements of harbours (marine environment issues)	Directive 2011/92 amended by Directive 2014/52/EU on the assessment of the effects of certain public and private projects on the environment.		Agreement on Environmental Cooperation & Ch. 24: Environment	Ch. 24: Trade and Environment
19	Maritime - public service contracts/obligations, and financial assistance for shipping services which both state and finish within Scotland/to, from and within Wales	Regulation 3577/92 that applies the principle of freedom to services to provide cabotage maritime transport.			Ch. 14: International Maritime Transport Services
20	Maritime - ports services and port reception facilities, including for ship-generated waste	Regulation 2017/352 that establishes a framework for the provision of port services and common rules on the financial transparency of ports. Directive 2000/59 contains a mix of competence and is relevant here insofar as it relates to harbours only.		Agreement on Environmental Cooperation & Ch. 24: Environment	Ch. 6: Customs and Trade Facilitation & Ch. 14: International Maritime Transport Services

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Policy area with:		Additional Information - what the EU law does	Progress made towards frameworks	Chapter/Side Agreement/Letter	Chapter/Annex
<b>No further action to create a common framework is required</b>					
21	Road infrastructure safety management	Directive 2008/96/EC on that supports road infrastructure safety management.			
22	Charging of HGVs	Directive 1999/62/EC on the charging of heavy goods vehicles for the use of certain infrastructures.			
23	Trans European Transport Network	The EU Regulation establishes the trans European transport network, it includes maps of the core and comprehensive networks and sets specific standards to be implemented by 2030 and 2050 respectively. It is the geographic focus for EU transport regulation referencing individual pieces of legislation in different transport modes.			
24	Implementation of cross-border healthcare rights to treatment and reimbursement	Directive 2011/24/EU codified a series of case law. It sets out the conditions under which a patient may travel to another EU country to receive medical care and reimbursement. The requirements under the Directive have been transposed by England and Wales, Scotland, Northern Ireland and Gibraltar.			
25	Equal treatment of legislation	It bans discrimination and harassment in employment on the following grounds: sex, race, age, disability, sexual orientation and religion or belief. It also bans discrimination in the provision of services on grounds of sex and race. It also requires the existence of an equalities monitoring body, such as EHRC.		Ch. 23: Labour	Ch. 23: Trade and Labour
26	EIA Directive	The Environmental Impact Assessment Directive (85/337/EEC) integrates environmental considerations into the preparation of proposals for development to reduce their impact on the environment.		Agreement on Environmental Cooperation & Ch. 24: Environment	Ch. 24: Trade and Environment
27	Energy performance of buildings Directive	The Energy Performance of Buildings Directive (2010/31/EU) aims to improve and make transparent the energy performance of buildings.		Agreement on Environmental Cooperation	
<b>Policy areas where non-legislative framework agreements might be needed</b>					
1	Efficiency in energy use	The Energy Efficiency Directive (2012/27/EU) sets energy efficiency targets and other requirements to encourage and improve energy efficiency.			
2	Radioactive substances	Directive establishes a framework for responsible and safe management of spent fuel and radioactive waste, both for current workers and the general public, and to avoid imposing burdens on future generations.	From previous report dated March 2020: "1.14.d. a Radioactive Substances roundtable"	Agreement on Environmental Cooperation & Ch. 24: Environment	
3	Public procurement	The regime provided by the EU procurement Directives, covering public procurement contracts for supplies, services, works and concessions above certain financial thresholds awarded by the public sector and by utilities operating in the energy, water, transport and postal services sectors (Directives 2014/24/EU, 2014/25/EU and 2014/23/EU).		Ch. 13: Government Procurement	Ch. 19: Government Procurement
4	Statistics	Provision of prescribed datasets to the EU on a wide variety of topics (statistics is cross-cutting).	From previous report dated March 2020: 1.24 - reached stage of Phase 2		
5	Air quality	Policies, directives and regulations that aim to reduce harmful emissions and concentrations of air pollutants that can damage human health and the environment, including in relation to national emission ceilings, ambient air quality, industrial emissions and relevant product standards (Directives 2008/50/EC, 2004/107/EC). This includes regulations that implement international commitments under the UNECE Convention on Long-range Transboundary Air Pollution and Kiev Protocol to the UNECE Aarhus Convention.	Meetings between DEFRA and counterparts in the devolved administrations (p.12).	Ch. 24: Environment	Ch. 24: Trade and Environment
6	Biodiversity - access and benefit sharing of genetic resources (ABS)	Rules set up under the Nagoya Protocol to help preserve biodiversity. The rules regulate access to the genetic resources of other countries and how the benefits from research and development using these resources are shared with the provider country. Implemented into EU Law under Regulation (EU) No 511/2014 with Regulation (EU) 2015/1866 providing implementation for register of collections, monitoring user compliance and best practices.		Ch. 24: Environment	Ch. 24: Trade and Environment
7	Marine environment	Rules relating to management and protection of, but not limited to, marine pollution, litter, biodiversity, food webs and seafloor integrity. Implemented under Directives 2008/56/EC, 2017/845/EU with reference to the OSPAR Convention between the governments of North-East Atlantic.		Ch. 24: Environment	Ch. 24: Trade and Environment
8	Spatial data infrastructure standards	EU INSPIRE system under Directive 2007/2/EC that ensures a harmonised approach to spatial data publishing to improve environmental reporting.			
9	Natural environment and biodiversity	Policies and common standards covering the conservation of the UK's terrestrial, freshwater and marine species and habitats in compliance with international obligations such as the Convention on Biological Diversity. This is joined by EU Regulations (EU) No 1143/2014, (EU) No 1143/2014, and (EEC) No 3254/91 and Directives 2009/147/EC, 92/43/EEC, 1999/22/EC, and 83/129/EEC. This particularly concerns the network of sites which currently form part of the EU's Natura 2000 (N2K) network.		Agreement on Environmental Cooperation	Ch. 24: Trade and Environment
10	Waste management	Policies and regulations covering waste and its recovery/recycling (Landfill Directive, Waste Framework Directive) including producer responsibility (reuse/recovery/recycling targets under the Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment Directive, Batteries Directive, End of Life Vehicles Directive and Packaging Directive). Also covering the shipment of waste.	Meetings between DEFRA and counterparts in the devolved administrations including a 'deep dive' on 26 February (p.12)	Agreement on Environmental Cooperation	Ch. 24: Trade and Environment
11	Intelligent transport systems	Policies and common standards relating to national electronic registers and data for intelligent transport systems. This includes Regulations made under Directive 2010/40.			
12	Elements of the regulation of tobacco and related products	Provision made for print and press advertising and promotion of electronic cigarettes in Directive 2014/40/EU on the approximation of the laws, regulations and administrative provisions of the member states concerning the manufacture, presentation and sale of tobacco and related products. Provision made for print and press advertising, display and promotions in Directive 2003/33/EC on the approximation of the laws, regulations and administrative provisions of the Member States relating to the advertising and sponsorship of tobacco products.			
13	Good laboratory practice	Directives relating to the inspection and verification of good laboratory practice and harmonising laws, regulations and administrative provisions on good laboratory practice (Directives 2004/9/EC and 2004/10/EC).			

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Policy area with:	Additional Information - what the EU law does	Progress made towards frameworks	Chapter/Side Agreement/Letter	Chapter/Annex	
<b>Policy areas where non-legislative framework agreements might be needed</b>					
14	Nutrition health claims, composition and labelling	Regulations and Directives on the nutrition and health claims made on food; food for special medical purposes and weight control; food intended for infants; the addition of vitamins and other substances to food; and food supplements.	<p>"1.14 The Nutrition Health Claims, Composition and Labelling framework was brought before the Food Standards Agency board on 21 January 2020, and received their endorsement. It was also approved by officials in the UK Government and devolved administrations at the Frameworks Board in Belfast on 30 January 2020" (p.11)</p> <p>"1.16.c A peer review and 'deep dive' meeting were held on 8 January, looking at the Nutrition Health Claims, Composition and Labelling framework. This was followed by risk analysis meetings on 19 February and 18 March" (p.12).</p> <p>"1.16.d. A cross-government meeting on food frameworks was held on 11 February, ensuring coordination between different frameworks in this area (Nutrition Health Claims, Composition and Labelling, and Food and Feed Safety and Hygiene) and providing guidance to departments" (p.12).</p> <p>1.26 Phase 3 Review and Assessment completed with UKG officials confirming that the DA's recommendations were addressed (p.13).</p> <p>1.30 Technical stakeholder engagement has been completed (p.14).</p>	Ch. 11: Technical Barriers to Trade	Chapter 5: Technical Barriers to Trade; Ch. 20: Intellectual Property and Ch. 20-Annex 20 & Ch. 21: Regulatory Cooperation - Annex 1
15	Blood safety and quality	Defines the quality and safety standards for blood and its components as set out in Directive 2002/98/EC. It covers all steps in the transfusion process from donation, collection, testing, processing, and storage to distribution. It's implementation is supported by Commission Directive 2004/33/EC, Commission Directive 2005/61/EC and Commission Directive 2005/62/EC. There are also some specific technical requirements in the following commissioning directives 2009/135/EC, 2011/38/EU, 2014/110/EU, 2016/1214.			
16	Organs	Directives setting out standards on the quality and safety of human organs intended for transplantation and laying down the information procedures for exchange between Member States (Directives 2010/53/EU and 2012/25/EU).			
17	Public health (serious cross-border threats to health) (notification system for pandemic flu, Zika, etc.)	Decision No 1082/2013/EU on serious cross-border threats to health. This sets rules on epidemiological surveillance, monitoring, early warning of, and combating serious cross-border threats to health, including preparedness and response planning related to those activities, in order to coordinate and complement national policies. It aims to support cooperation and coordination between Member States.	From previous report dated March 2020: "1.14.e. a Public Health common framework workshop with representatives from the UK Government, the devolved administrations and all four public health agencies (Public Health England, Health Protection Scotland, Public Health Wales and Public Health Agency in Northern Ireland) on 9 Oct. This supplemented discussions between the UK Government and the devolved administrations that occur every four weeks as part of a four nations health protection EU Exit oversight group"		
18	Tissues and cells (apart from embryos and gametes)	Directives setting out standards on the quality and safety of human tissues and cells intended for human application as part of medical treatment (Directives 2004/23/EC, 2006/17/EC, 2006/86/EC, 2012/39/EU, 2015/656, 2015/566).			
19	Control of major accident hazards	Seveso III Directive on the control of major accident hazards involving dangerous substances (2012/18/EU). This places duties on businesses using dangerous substances to take measures to prevent major accidents to people and the environment. This mainly applies to the chemical manufacture sector but covers any business that uses, produces or stores dangerous substances at or above determined thresholds.		Ch. 24: Environment	Ch. 23: Trade and Labour & Ch. 24: Trade and Environment
20	Genetically modified micro-organisms contained use (i.e. rules on protection of human health and the environment during the development)	Directive 2009/41/EC on the contained use of genetically modified microorganisms (GMMs) to protect humans and the environment. This relates to work with GMMs in contained facilities, e.g. a research laboratory or biotechnology production facility, to ensure barriers (containment measures) are in place.		Ch. 9: Cross Border Trade in Services	Ch. 25: Bilateral Dialogues and Cooperation
21	Hazardous substances planning	Ensures that the objectives of preventing major accidents and limiting the consequences of such accidents are taken into account in land-use policies. This includes controls on the siting of new establishments and modifications to establishments which fall within the scope of the Directive (i.e. storing or using significant amounts of hazardous substances), and on new developments and public areas in the vicinity of such establishments.	<p>make progress through this reporting period. The Hazardous Substances (Planning) framework completed the Phase 3 Review and Assessment process. It was then approved by officials in the UK Government and the devolved administrations at the Frameworks Project Board in Belfast on 30 January 2020" (p.11)</p> <p>1.26 Phase 3 Review and Assessment completed with UKG officials confirming that the DA's recommendations were addressed (p.13).</p> <p>1.30 Technical stakeholder engagement has</p>	Agreement on Environmental Cooperation & Ch. 24: Environment	Ch. 23: Trade and Labour & Ch. 24: Trade and Environment
22	Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA) Directive	The Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA) Directive on the assessment of the effects of certain plans and programmes on the environment.		Ch. 24: Environment	Ch. 24: Trade and Environment

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Policy area with:	Additional Information - what the EU law does	Progress made towards frameworks	Chapter/Side Agreement/Letter	Chapter/Annex
<b>Policy areas where future legislation might be needed</b>				
1  Implementation of EU Emissions Trading System (EU ETS)	Directive 2003/87/EC establishes the European Union Emissions Trading System for greenhouse gases. The Scheme sets a maximum volume of gas that can be emitted by all participating installations and aircrafts. These operators then monitor, verify and report their emissions, and must surrender allowances equivalent to their emissions annually. Allowances are issued either by being sold at auction or allocated for free to some operators, and can be traded, with the price determined by the market.	"1.15 The Emissions Trading Systems (ETS) framework has completed a number of workshops to continue to develop the operational aspects of the framework and ETS has also now completed its Phase 2 Review" (p.11).  A joint UK Government and devolved administration workshop was held on 4-5 February followed up with a meeting on 10 March (p.12)  1.30 Technical stakeholder engagement has been completed (p.14).		Ch. 24: Trade and Environment
2  Mutual recognition of professional qualifications (MRPQ)	The Directive creates systems for EU citizens to have their professional qualifications recognised in order to establish or provide services on a temporary and occasional basis in another EU state		Ch. 16: Temporary Entry for Business Persons	Ch. 11: Mutual Recognition of Professional Qualifications
3  Services Directive	The Directive seeks to realise the full potential of services markets in Europe by removing legal and administrative barriers to trade, by increasing transparency and by making it easier for businesses and consumers to provide or use services in the EU Single Market. The Directive is implemented by the Provision of Services Regulations in the UK. The Regulations set out rules for how competent authorities can design authorisation schemes for service providers in the UK. The Regulations prevent regulators imposing new regulatory or administrative requirements that act as discriminatory barriers to the provision of services, ensuring authorisation schemes are proportionate and justified by the public interest.		Ch 15: Cross-Border Trade in Services	Chapter 9: Cross Border Trade in Services & Chapter 21: Regulatory Cooperation
4  Agricultural support	Policies and Regulations under the EU Common Agricultural Policy covering Pillar 1 (income and market support); Pillar 2 (rural growth, agri-environment, agricultural productivity grants or services and organic conversion and maintenance grants); and cross-cutting issues, including cross compliance, finance & controls.		Ch. 3: Agriculture	Ch. 3: Trade Remedies, Ch. 7: Subsidies & Ch. 28: Exceptions
5  Agriculture - GMO marketing and cultivation	Directive 2001/18 – decisions on authorising GMO trials (delegated to Member States) and on marketing GMOs (decisions taken at EU level). Regulation 1830/2003 – requires the traceability and labelling of GMOs approved for marketing. Regulation 1946/2003 – requires notification to third countries of proposed GMO exports. Enforcement powers for these directly applicable Regulations are set out in parallel SIs in all four nations.		Ch. 4: Rules of Origin & Ch. 11: Technical Barriers to Trade	Ch 20: Intellectual Property and Ch. 20 - Annex 20 A-C
6  Agriculture - Zootech	EU Regulation 2016/1012 replaces a host of current zootech regulations by species from 1 November 2018. For the purpose of this exercise we treat the EU position as it will be at 1 November 2018 as the relevant framework. The EU rules support trade of pedigree breeding animals and germinal products by e.g. defining what constitutes "purebred". They provide for individual breed societies to be officially recognised and breeding programmes to be approved by competent authorities. The rules impose rights and obligations on societies and proscribe rules when breeding animals and germinal products are traded between recognised breed societies across the EU.			
7  Fisheries management & support	Policies and Regulations relating to rules relating to the sustainability of fisheries (quotas), access to waters, conservation measures, enforcement and financial support.	Meetings between DEFRA and counterparts in the devolved administrations (p.12).	Ch. 24: Environment	
8  Ozone depleting substances and F-gases	The UK has international obligations under the Montreal Protocol to phase out the use of ODS, phase down hydrofluorocarbons by 85% by 2036, licence imports and exports and report on usage to the UN. EU Regulations and institutions currently deliver these obligations through quota restrictions, licencing and reporting requirements. The EU Regulations also go further with product bans, leakage controls measures and certification requirements for technicians.	Meetings between DEFRA and counterparts in the devolved administrations (p.12).	Multilateral Environmental Agreements & Ch. 24: Environment	
9  Animal health and traceability	EU rules and standards that aim to maintain animal health and allow their movement, including policies covering: prevention of disease (entering UK), control of disease (endemic and exotic), surveillance (for exotic disease) movement of livestock, pet passports and veterinary medicines.	Meetings between DEFRA and counterparts in the devolved administrations	Ch. 4: Rules of Origin & Ch. 5: Origin Procedures	Ch. 5: Sanitary and Phytosanitary Measures & Ch. 5 Annex 5 A-G
10  Animal welfare	EU rules relating to aspects of animal welfare including on-farm issues, movement of livestock and slaughter.			
11  Chemicals	Regulation of the manufacture, authorisation and sale and use of chemical products primarily through the REACH regulation but also including: Persistent Organic Pollutants (POPs), Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs) and Minamata.			
12  Waste packaging and product regulations	Policies and Regulations that aim to meet certain essential product requirements and set product standards including for packaging (e.g. ROHS in Electrical and Electronic Equipment, Batteries and Vehicles) in order to manage waste.			
13  Pesticides	Regulations governing the authorisation and use of pesticide products and the maximum residue levels in food, and a framework for action on sustainable use of pesticides.	Meetings between DEFRA and counterparts in the devolved administrations (p.12).		

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<b>Poicy areas where future legislation might be needed</b>					
14	Plant health, seeds and propagating materials	Requirements in relation to the import and internal EU movement of plants and plant products, risk assessment of new plant pests and outbreak management. Assurance and auditing of policies across the UK to protect plant biosecurity. Requirements for plant variety rights, registration of plant varieties and quality assurance of marketed seed and propagating material.		Ch. 3: Agriculture	
15	Food compositional standards	Minimum standards for a range of specific food commodities such as sugar, coffee, honey, caseins, condensed milk, chocolate, jams, fruit juices and bottled water.	"1.16 c. A peer review and 'deep dive' meeting were held on 8 January, looking at the Nutrition Health Claims, Composition and Labelling framework. This was followed by risk analysis meetings on 19 February and 18 March" (p.12).  "1.16.d. A cross-government meeting on food frameworks was held on 11 February, ensuring coordination between different frameworks in this area (Nutrition Health Claims, Composition and Labelling, and Food and Feed Safety and Hygiene) and providing guidance to departments" (p.12).	Chapter 3: Agriculture	Ch. 20 Intellectual Property & Ch. 20 Annex 20-A-C
16	Food labelling	Regulations setting out requirements on provision of information to consumers on food labels.	"1.16.d. A cross-government meeting on food frameworks was held on 11 February, ensuring coordination between different frameworks in this area (Nutrition Health Claims, Composition and Labelling, and Food and Feed Safety and Hygiene) and providing guidance to departments" (p.12).	Ch. 4: Rules of Origin & Ch. 11: Technical Barriers to Trade	Ch. 20 Intellectual Property & Ch. 20 Annex 20-A-C
17	Chemicals Regulation (including pesticides)	There are directly acting EU Regulations on the classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (CLP); the placing on the market and use of biocidal products; the export and import of hazardous chemicals (PIC); the registration, evaluation, authorisation and restriction of chemicals (REACH); and plant protection products (e.g. pesticides).		Ch. 4: Rules of Origin & Ch. 11: Technical Barriers to Trade	Chapter 24: Trade and the Environment
18	Agriculture - organic farming	Regulation 834/2007 sets out the principles and overarching standards for organic production certification. Specific Regulations also apply such as 889/2008 on labeling of organic produce and 710/2009 on organic aquaculture.		Ch. 4: Rules of Origin & Ch. 11: Technical Barriers to Trade	
19	Agriculture - fertiliser regulation	Regulations providing common standards for compositional ingredients, labelling, packaging, sampling and analysis of fertilisers. The UK is also signed up to a number of international agreements (e.g. the Gothenburg Protocol) and EU agreements (the National Ceilings Directive) related to fertiliser regulation.		Ch. 4: Rules of Origin & Ch. 11: Technical Barriers to Trade	
20	Reciprocal Healthcare	Regulations 1408/71 and 883/2004 are the main pieces of EU legislation providing for reciprocal healthcare.	"1.16 b. A meeting between Reciprocal Healthcare policy teams from the UK Government and the devolved administrations to discuss the common framework and accompanying Memorandum of Understanding" (p.11).		
21	Food and feed safety and hygiene law	EU Regulations laying down the general principles and requirements of food and feed safety and hygiene; food and feed law enforcement (official controls); food safety labelling; risk analysis; and incident handling. The regulations set out an overarching and coherent framework for the development of food and feed legislation and lay down general principles, requirements and procedures that underpin decision making in matters of food and feed safety, covering all stages of food and feed production and distribution.	From previous report dated March 2020: "1.14.b five Food and Feed Safety and Hygiene official-level meetings" 1.24 - reached the stage of Phase 2 review	Chapter 9: Sanitary and Phytosanitary Measures & Chapter 11 Technical Barriers to Trade	Chapter 5: Sanitary and Phytosanitary Measures